

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A circuit for generating a spread spectrum clock comprising:

an output node;

a voltage controller oscillator (VCO) that includes an input coupled to a voltage control node (V_{ctrl}) for receiving a voltage signal and an output for generating a clock signal that has a frequency (F_{out}) dependent on the received voltage signal; and

a VCO input voltage modulation mechanism, coupled to the VCO input voltage node, for modulating the a voltage at the VCO input voltage node to generate a spread spectrum clock; wherein the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism uses a plurality of pull-up transistors and a plurality of pull-down transistors to selectively adjust the voltage at the VCO input voltage node; and wherein the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism uses a plurality of delay cells to selectively adjust the time between a first point and a second point on a graph of the voltage at the VCO input voltage node with respect to time.
2. (original) The circuit of claim 1 wherein the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism further includes

a voltage shift-up mechanism for pulling up the voltage at the VCO input voltage node by injecting a level shifting current into the VCO input voltage node.
3. (currently amended) The circuit of claim 2 wherein the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism further includes

a modulation control circuit for generating a shift-up control enable signal and at least one shift-up control signal for use in controlling the voltage shift-up mechanism;

wherein the voltage shift-up mechanism includes a first input for receiving the shift-up control enable signal and a second input for receiving said at least one shift-up control signal.

4. (original) The circuit of claim 1 wherein the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism further includes

a voltage shift-down mechanism for pulling down the voltage at the VCO input voltage node by drawing a level shifting current from the VCO input voltage node.

5. (currently amended) The circuit of claim 4 wherein the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism further includes

a modulation control circuit for generating a shift-down control enable signal and at least one shift-down control signal for use in controlling the voltage shift-down mechanism;

wherein the voltage shift-down mechanism includes a first input for receiving the shift-down control enable signal and a second input for receiving said at least one shift-down control signal.

6. (original) The circuit of claim 2 wherein the voltage shift-up mechanism includes

a first transistor having a drain electrode coupled to a first predetermined voltage, a source electrode, and a gate electrode for receiving a first shift-up control signal;

a second transistor having a drain electrode coupled to the source electrode of the first transistor, a source electrode coupled to the VCO input voltage node, and a gate electrode for receiving a shift-up control enable signal.

7. (original) The circuit of claim 6 wherein the voltage shift-up mechanism includes

a plurality of transistors coupled in parallel to the first transistor;

wherein each transistor includes a drain electrode that is coupled to the first predetermined voltage, a source electrode that is coupled to the drain electrode of the second transistor, and a gate electrode for receiving a corresponding shift-up control signal.

8. (currently amended) The circuit of claim 2 ~~4~~ wherein the voltage shift-down mechanism includes

a first transistor having a drain electrode coupled to the VCO input voltage node, a source electrode, and a gate electrode for receiving a shift-down control enable signal;

a second transistor having a drain electrode coupled to the source electrode of the first transistor, a source electrode coupled to a second predetermined voltage, and a gate electrode for receiving a shift-down control signal.

9. (original) The circuit of claim 8 wherein the voltage shift-down mechanism includes

a plurality of transistors coupled in parallel to the second transistor;

wherein each transistor includes a drain electrode that is coupled to the source of the first transistor, a source electrode that is coupled to the second predetermined voltage, and a gate electrode for receiving a corresponding shift-down control signal.

10. (original) The circuit of claim 1 integrated in one of personal computers (PCs), computing devices, computer peripherals, office equipment, printers, network equipment, and other electronic applications where EMI reduction is needed.

11. (currently amended) The circuit of claim 3 wherein the modulation control circuit includes a plurality of programmable delay cells (PDCs) for generating the shift-up control signals; wherein the a time delay ($\Delta(t)$) of the delay cells is based on the modulation frequency (F_{mod}) and the a number of modulation bits.

12. (original) The circuit of claim 11 wherein the circuit includes a phase locked loop (PLL).

13. (currently amended) The circuit of claim 12 wherein the time delay of the delay cells are also determined by stability considerations for the PLL and the VCO characterization.

14. (previously presented) The circuit of claim 11 wherein the delay cells are implemented as one of software and hardware.

15. (currently amended) A method for reducing electromagnetic interference (EMI) in a clock generation circuit that generates to generate a spread spectrum clock, the in a clock generation circuit that includes comprising a VCO input voltage modulation mechanism that includes a modulation control circuit, coupled to a VCO input voltage node, for modulating a voltage at the VCO input voltage node, wherein the modulation control circuit includes a plurality of pull-up transistors, and a plurality of pull-down transistors, [[:]] and wherein the modulation control circuit includes a plurality of programmable delay cells, for modulating the voltage at the VCO input voltage node the method comprising the steps of:

- a) configuring the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism; wherein said configuring the VCO input voltage modulation mechanism includes programming at least one parameter for the modulation control circuit by utilizing the plurality of pull-up transistors, the plurality of ~~and~~ pull-down transistors, and the plurality of programmable delay cells; and wherein the said at least one parameter includes one of a maximum frequency (F_{\max}), a minimum frequency (F_{\min}), a desired frequency (F_{desired}), a time between a first point and a second point on a graph of the voltage at the VCO input voltage node with respect to time, and a voltage between a first point and a second point on the graph of the voltage at the VCO input voltage node with respect to time;
- b) adjusting the VCO input voltage in a first direction to cause the frequency of the output of the ~~PLL~~ clock generation circuit to change in a first direction; and
- c) adjusting the VCO input voltage in a second direction to cause the frequency of the output of the ~~PLL~~ clock generation circuit to change in a second direction.
16. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein the clock generation circuit includes a voltage controlled oscillator (VCO) that includes an output, wherein the method further comprises the step of:
- repeating steps (b) and (c) to modulate the VCO output to reduce electromagnetic interference (EMI) of the clock signal generation circuit.
17. (currently amended) The method of claim 15 wherein the step of adjusting the VCO input voltage in a first direction to cause the frequency of the output of the ~~PLL~~ clock generation circuit to change in a first direction includes
- injecting a voltage level shifting current into the VCO input voltage node; and
- wherein the step of adjusting the VCO input voltage in a second direction to cause the frequency of the output of the ~~PLL~~ clock generation circuit to change in a second direction includes
- drawing a voltage level shifting current from the VCO input voltage node.
18. (canceled)
19. (original) The method of claim 15 further comprising the step of:

employing a P-counter that has a single value.

20. (original) The circuit of claim 1 further comprising:

a P-counter that includes an input coupled to the VCO, a register for storing a single P value and an output;

a Q-counter that includes an input for receiving a reference frequency (F_{in}) and an output;

a phase detector that includes a first input coupled to the output of the Q counter (F_{ref}) and a second input coupled to the output of the P counter (F_{fb}) and an output for generating a control signal;

a charge pump coupled to the phase detector for receiving the control signal and selectively charging and discharging the voltage control node based on the control signal; and

a loop filter.

21. (currently amended) The circuit of claim 5 wherein the modulation control circuit includes a plurality of programmable delay cells (PDCs) for generating the shift-down control signals; wherein the a time delay ($\Delta(t)$) of the delay cells is based on the modulation frequency (F_{mod}) and the a number of modulation bits.